Total No. of	f Questions :12]	SEAT No. :		
P798		[Total No. of Pa	iges: 3	
	[465	59] - 210		
	<b>B. E.</b> (I.T.	) (Semester - I)		
	D:ADVANCEDO	PERATING SYSTEMS		
	(2008 Patte	rn) (Elective - I)		
Time: 3 H	ours]	[Max. Mark	s : 100	
Instruction	is to the candidates:			
1)	Answer any three questions	from each section.		
<i>2)</i>	Answer to the two sections	should be written in separate books.		
3)	Figure to the right indicate	rs full marks.		
4)	Assume suitable data, if no	ecessary.		
	SEC	CTION - I		
<b>Q1)</b> a)	What is mailbox? Give its s	ignificance & explain how it works.		
	Explain functional specification	ntion of CREATEMBOX.	[8]	
b)	b) Explain following Unix commands with suitable eg.			
	i) chown	ii) chmod		
	iii) mount	iv) unmount		
	v) useradd			

OR

- Q2) a) Define operating system. Discuss various architectures of O.S. [10]
  - b) Discuss various system calls for process management. [8]
- Q3) a) What is Multi tasking operating system? How it is different from multi processing operating system? Draw & explain process state transition diagram in KMOS.[8]
  - b) Discuss the various lists maintained for KMOS. [8]

Q4)	(9) a) Enlist various functions of KMOS. Explain functional specific KMOSSTART and DISPATCH.					
	b)	Write the structure of PCB in KMOS. Discuss use of these fields. [8]				
Q5)	a)	Explain different multiprocessor interconnection types with diagrams.[8]				
	b)	Discuss UMA, NUMA and NORMA architecture. [8]				
		OR				
Q6)	a)	Discuss different types of Multi Processor Operating Systems. [8]				
	b)	What are differences between threads and processes? What are different ways to achieve multiprocessor synchronization? [8]				
		SECTION - II				
Q7)	a)	Explain the concept of kmalloc, vmalloc with eg. How they are different from malloc(), calloc(). [10]				
	b)	What is zone? Explain different zone types with diagram. [8]				
OR						
Q8)	a)	What is slab? Explain the concept of slab allocator and deallocator wrt Linux operating system. [10]				
	b)	Explain the concept of High Memory mappings and its types. [8]				
Q9)	a)	What is device driver? Explain various disk device driver access strategies.				
	b)	What is I/O scheduler? Explain different modes to monitor I/O. [8]				

<b><i>Q10</i></b> )a)	Discuss different types of I/O interfaces.						
b)	Explain buffering strategies for character devices.						
<b><i>Q11)</i></b> a)	Explain the following system	calls for the file system with eg.	[8]				
	i) open	ii) link					
	iii) lseek	iv) close					
b)	Explain the role of file descript	or. Give the significance of inode s	structure. [8]				
OR							
<b>Q12)</b> a)	Discuss the various strategies for file blocks allocation.						
b)	Explain data structures for file memory mapping. [8]						